



ADM's Commitment to Protecting Forests, Biodiversity and Communities

H2 2021 Soy Progress Report

Introduction

In March 2021, ADM released its reviewed and updated Policy on Protecting Forests, Biodiversity and Communities. This progress report provides ADM's stakeholders with insights into the advancements and future actions of the policy implementation, enabling a transparent overview.

The activities and results shared in this report outline the period H2 2021 with regards to the four pillars of ADM's soy sustainability journey:

1. Supply Chain Traceability
2. Supplier Engagement
3. Monitoring & Verification
4. Reporting

The data shared within this report relates to ADM operations in South America.



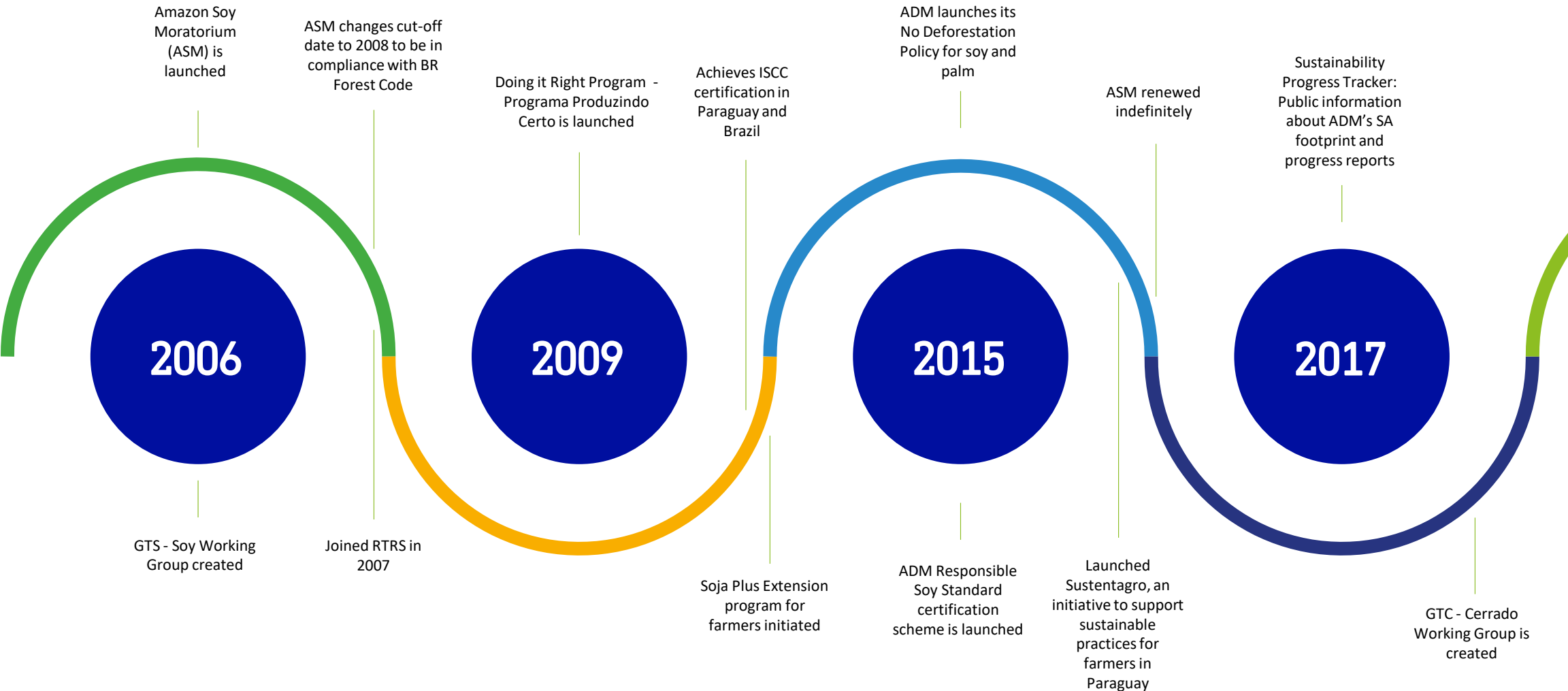
Our South American Soy Footprint

Brazil, Argentina, Paraguay, Uruguay

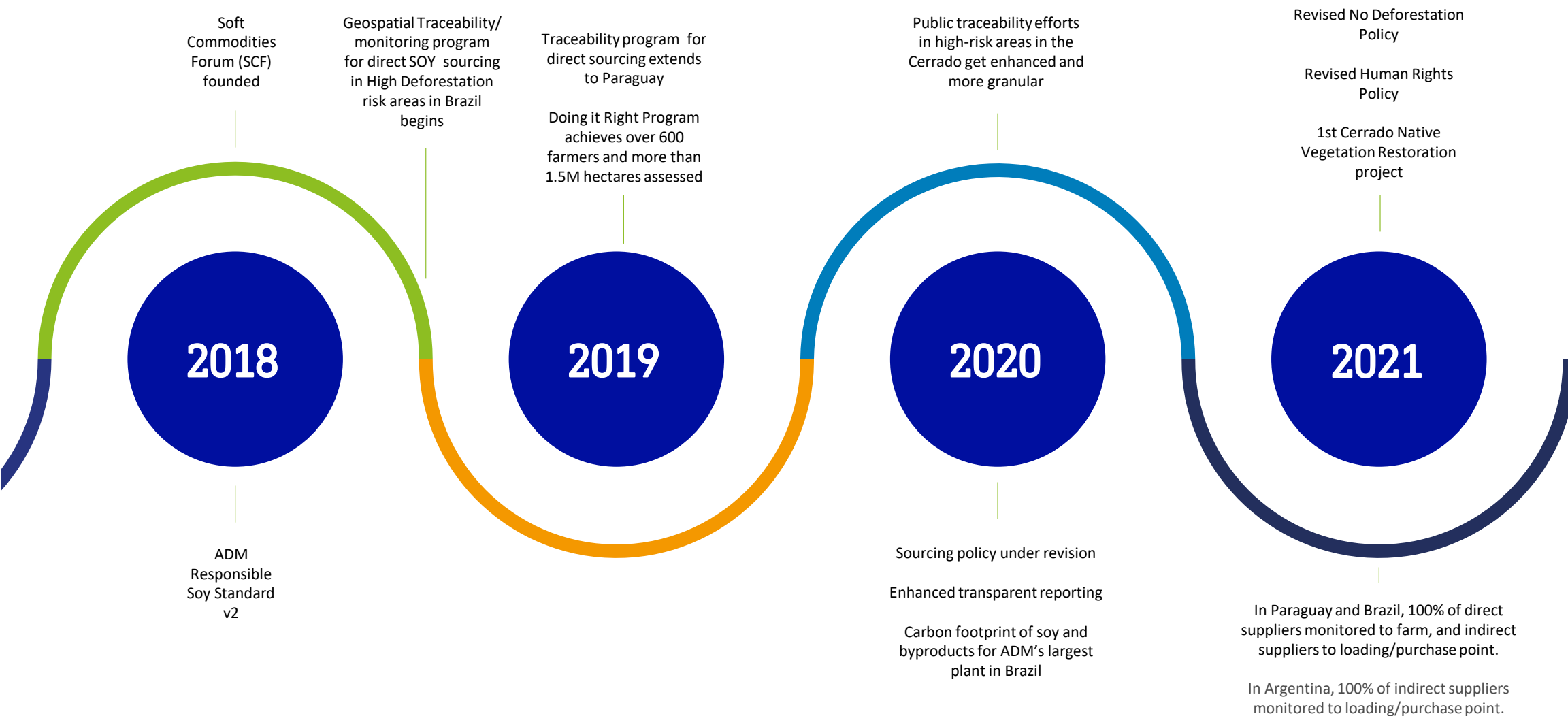
- Processing facilities in South America
- Origination and procurement facilities
- Trading office



Our Soy Sustainability Journey



Our Soy Sustainability Journey





**Supply Chain
Traceability**



**Supplier
Engagement**



**Monitoring
& Verification**



Reporting



Supply Chain Traceability

- ADM's soy supply chain
- Soy sourcing in South America
- Traceability

We are the foundation of food on tables the world over – flavoring culture, forwarding health and wellness, and venturing into new possibilities and discoveries for human and animal nutrition. Creating value through the entire supply chain gives us the opportunity to help build a more sustainable food system.

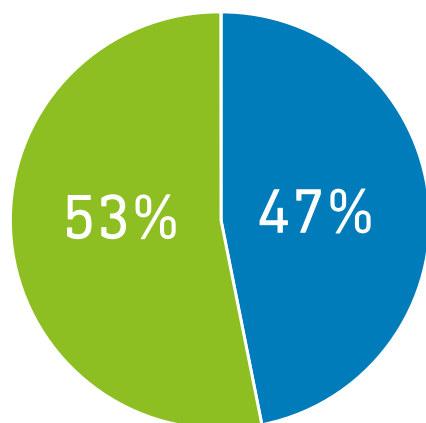
ADM is Integral to Building a More Sustainable Agricultural Value Chain



South America Traceability 2021

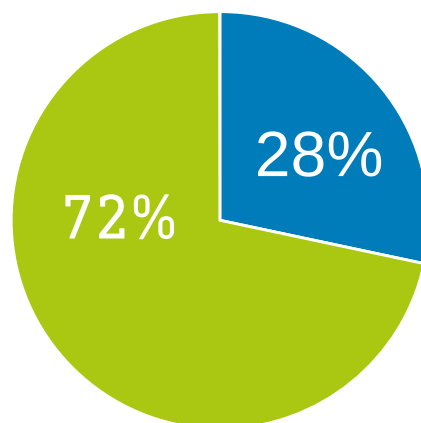
Soy Volumes by Geography

Paraguay



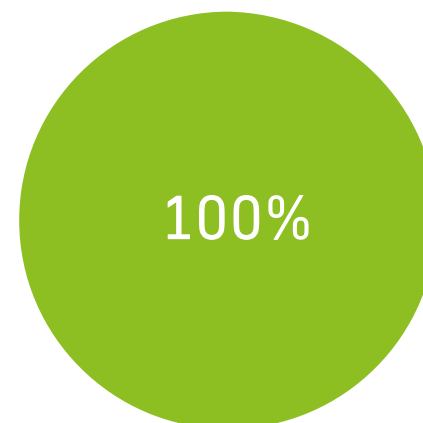
● Direct Supplier ● Indirect supplier

Uruguay



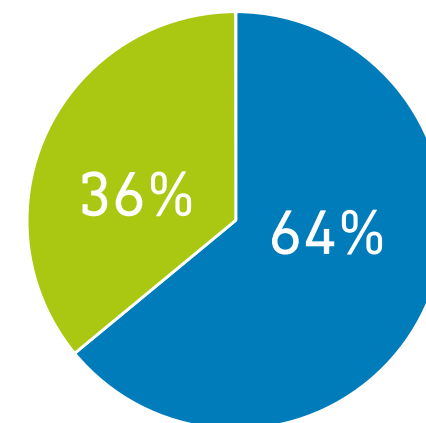
● Direct Supplier ● Indirect supplier

Argentina



● Indirect supplier

Brazil

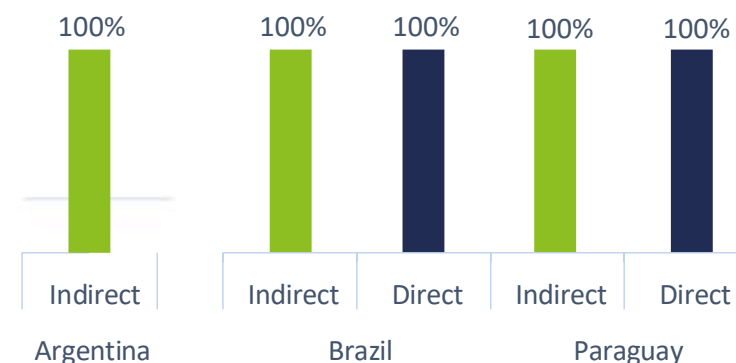


● Direct Supplier ● Indirect supplier

In Brazil, we have mapped 100% of our direct suppliers to farm (polygons). This database enabled us to measure our DCF (Deforestation + Conversion Free) footprint, which in 2020 was 97% DCF. As our baseline we used 2015, the year we launched our No Deforestation Policy.

In Argentina we source indirectly from areas close to the export facilities.

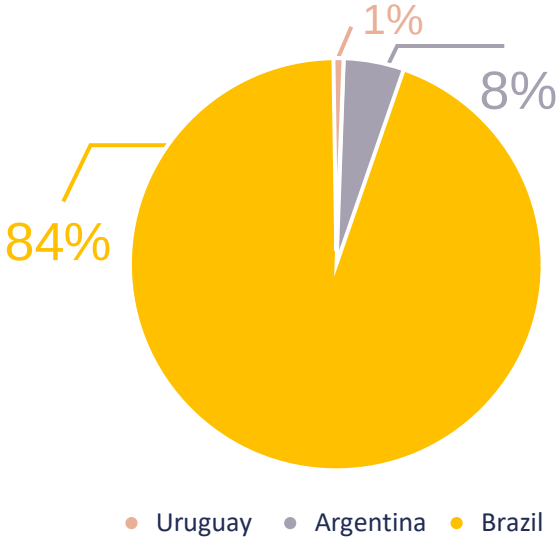
Percent Traceable by Country





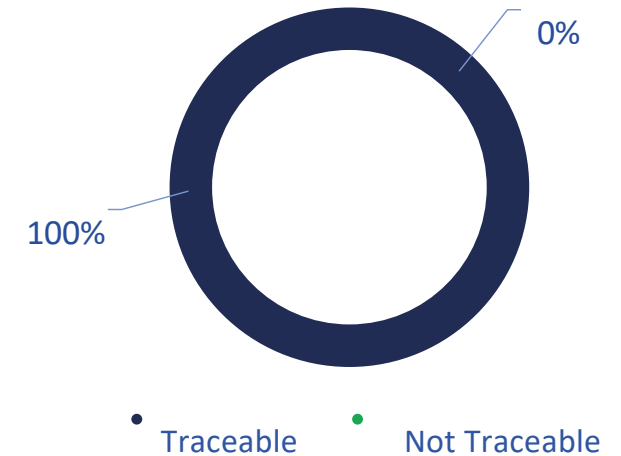
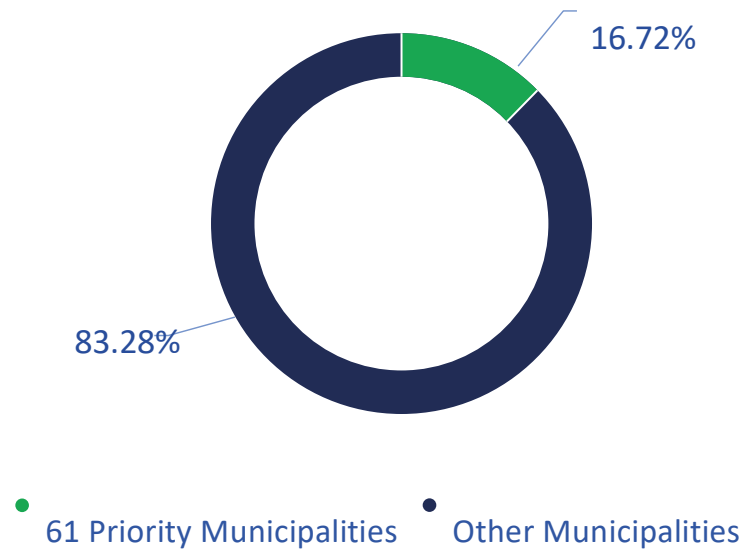
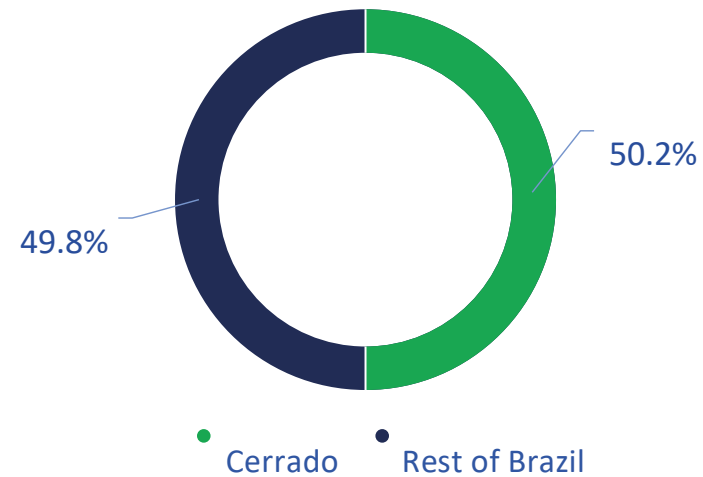
2021 SOY
Sourced by region.

South America Purchase 2021

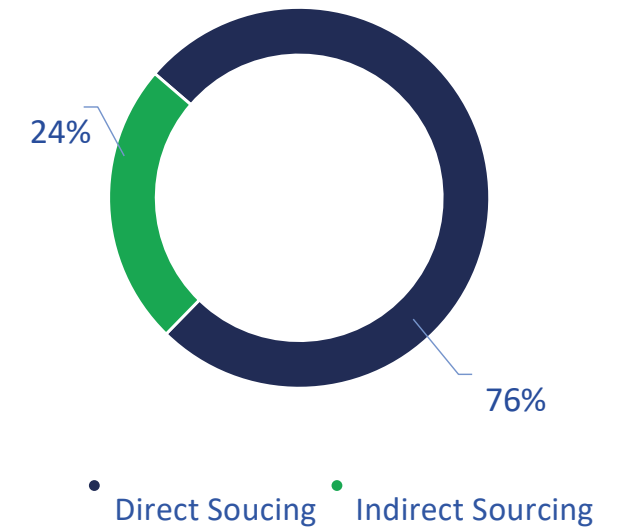


Traceability Focusing on the Cerrado Priority Regions

As a member of the Soft Commodities Forum (SCF), we committed and achieved in 2020 full traceability to farm for direct suppliers in the priority municipalities that account for almost 70% of all conversion within the Cerrado biome.



61 Priority Municipalities



Traceability

Why does geography matter when it comes to indirect suppliers?

Volumes sourced via indirect suppliers may represent a large share of our supply chain in certain regions where we operate. We acknowledge the challenge of obtaining traceability to farm in these cases, where there is an intermediary party that for commercial purposes has the right to preserve sensitive information regarding its suppliers.

However, we would also like to bring to the attention of our stakeholders that the vast majority of our indirect sourcing occurs in consolidated agricultural areas – with no more native conversion to soy – and therefore, pose no deforestation risks to the integrity of our supply chain.

Nevertheless, and even though many times these indirect suppliers also have no deforestation commitments in place, we will keep working to find better ways to track indirect volumes, especially in high conversion to soy risk areas where today we have a 5-12% share of indirect purchases.

Setting and Achieving Meaningful Targets

MATERIAL TOPIC	MILESTONE	PROGRESS	SDG/SASB ALIGNMENT	
			UN SDG	SASB
 Traceability	Increase digital satellite farm maps (polygons) of direct soy suppliers	 In progress 100% suppliers in Paraguay 100% of suppliers in Mato Grosso (Brazil) 100% of suppliers in 25 priority municipalities of MATOPIBA (Brazil) 100% of suppliers in Mato Grosso do Sul (Brazil)	    	• Environmental and Social Impacts of Ingredient Supply Chain • Ingredient Sourcing
 Monitor and Verification	100% of soy sourced from • Amazon Soy Moratorium • IBAMA embargoed areas • National Pact for the Slavery Work Eradication • Pará Green Grain Protocol • ADM's No Deforestation Policy for 100% of polygons	 Achieved		



Supplier Engagement

- Grievances mechanism
- Projects
- Engagement and Transformation

Grievances & Resolutions



From 2019 through 2021, we have investigated over 248 allegations of deforestation and exploitation in our supply chain.



100% of grievances were investigated in accordance with our protocol and reported on our public grievance log.



0 cases investigated were linked to our soy supply chain or showed a non-compliance with our No Deforestation Policy

Transformation Projects

Sustainable farming extension programs
Inclusive and continuous improvement through Best Management Practices (BMP) Programs

- ADM has supported extension programs for farmers since 2009

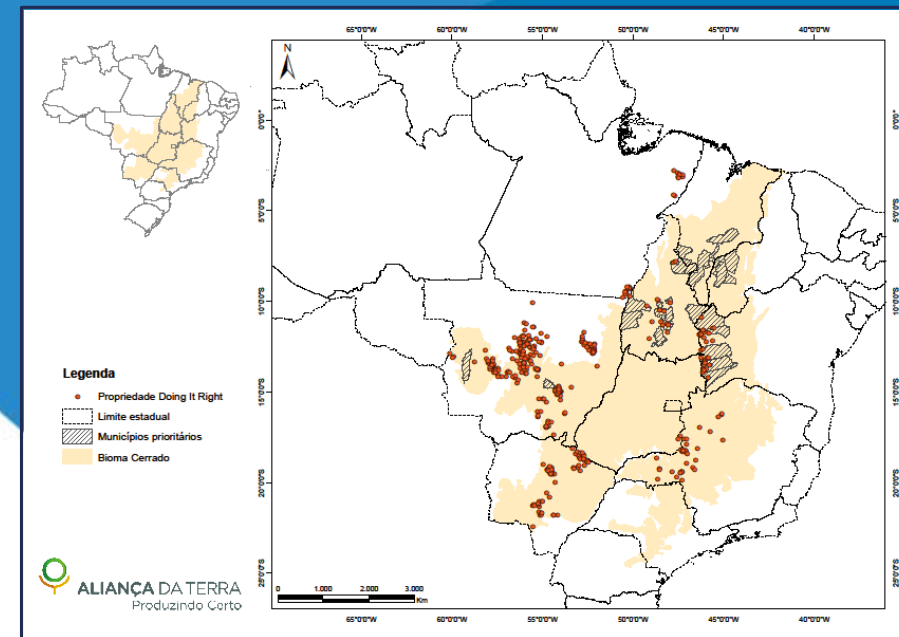
Program partners include:

- Produzindo Certo
- Sustenágil
- SOJA PLUS
- Parque Cerrado e Vida
- CETEDI
- A TodoPulmón

Highlights

ADM's sustainable sourcing in South America includes on-farm assessments. To date, our BMP programs have assessed:

Over 1,000 farmers
More than 2,500,000 hectares



Engagement and Transformation

Our transformation strategy focuses on engaging with the most relevant stakeholders at each level of our soy supply chain in order to promote continuous improvement at every stage. We believe that every situation requires assessment and understanding of the facts, listening to the points of view of everyone involved. ADM participates in several multi stakeholder initiatives worldwide that are leading the transformation of the soy supply chain, such as:

At the global level, we participate in the SCF (Soft Commodities Forum) along with other industry/trading companies members of the World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WBCSD) who share the same goals regarding No Deforestation and No Exploitation in their supply chains. Our objectives focus on defining common standards that will bring more transparency to the sector as a whole, and searching for financial incentives that will protect forested areas and/or promote the use of areas previously cleared land.

In 2020, the SCF worked together with Proforest, TNC and TFA to carry on a public consultation that selected a priority region that covers 61 municipalities in the Cerrado. Traceability efforts and landscape initiatives will focus in this geographic region.

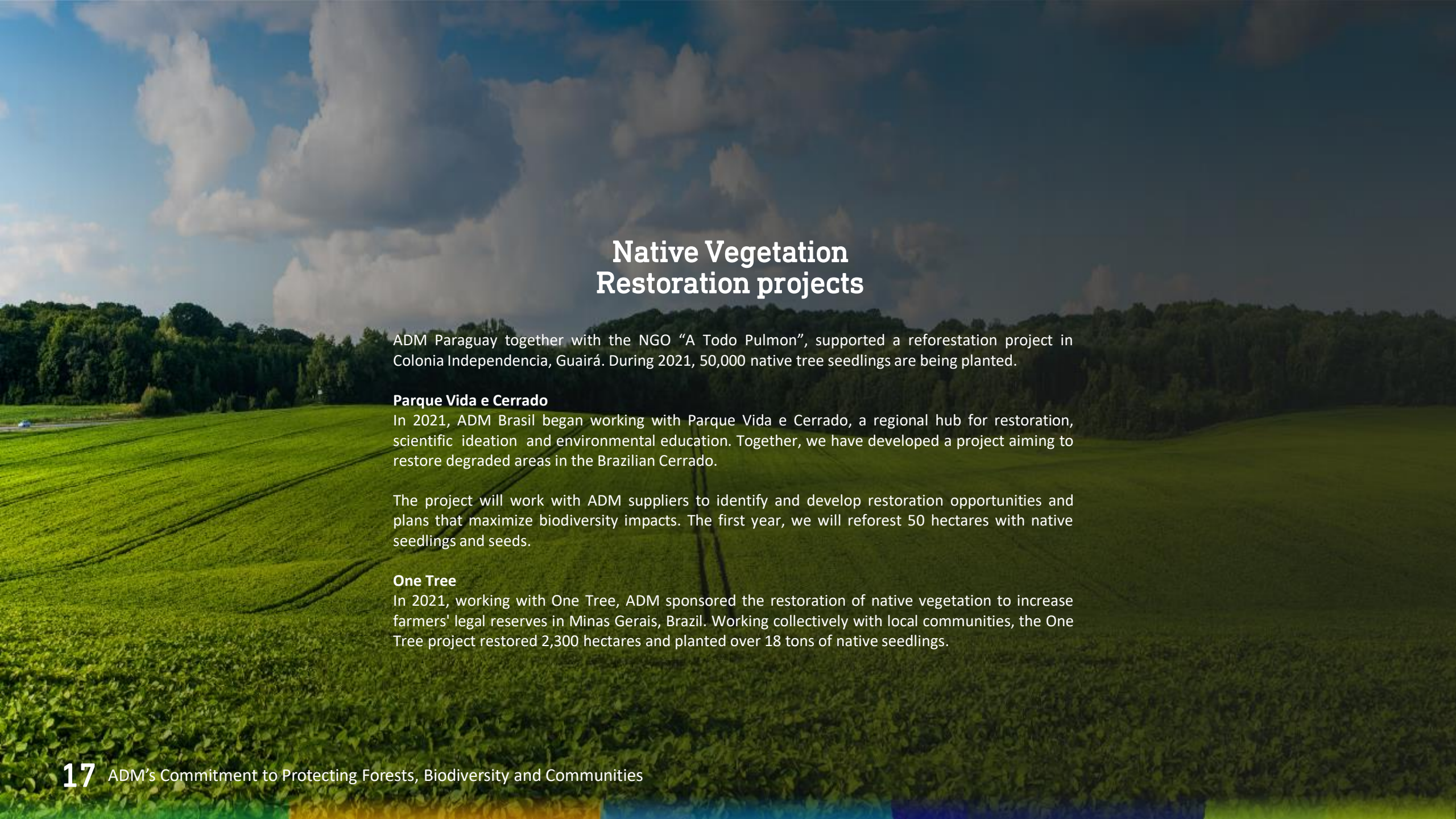
For the complete Jun 2021 SCF report:

<https://www.wbcd.org/Programs/Food-and-Nature/Food-Land-Use/Soft-Commodities-Forum/Resources/Soft-Commodities-Forum-Progress-Report-December-2021>

CERTIFICATIONS

In South America ADM works with different certification standards: 2BSvs, ISCC, ARS, which promote the producer year after year the sustainable production of soy.





Native Vegetation Restoration projects

ADM Paraguay together with the NGO “A Todo Pulmon”, supported a reforestation project in Colonia Independencia, Guairá. During 2021, 50,000 native tree seedlings are being planted.

Parque Vida e Cerrado

In 2021, ADM Brasil began working with Parque Vida e Cerrado, a regional hub for restoration, scientific ideation and environmental education. Together, we have developed a project aiming to restore degraded areas in the Brazilian Cerrado.

The project will work with ADM suppliers to identify and develop restoration opportunities and plans that maximize biodiversity impacts. The first year, we will reforest 50 hectares with native seedlings and seeds.

One Tree

In 2021, working with One Tree, ADM sponsored the restoration of native vegetation to increase farmers' legal reserves in Minas Gerais, Brazil. Working collectively with local communities, the One Tree project restored 2,300 hectares and planted over 18 tons of native seedlings.



Monitoring & Verification

Monitoring & Verification

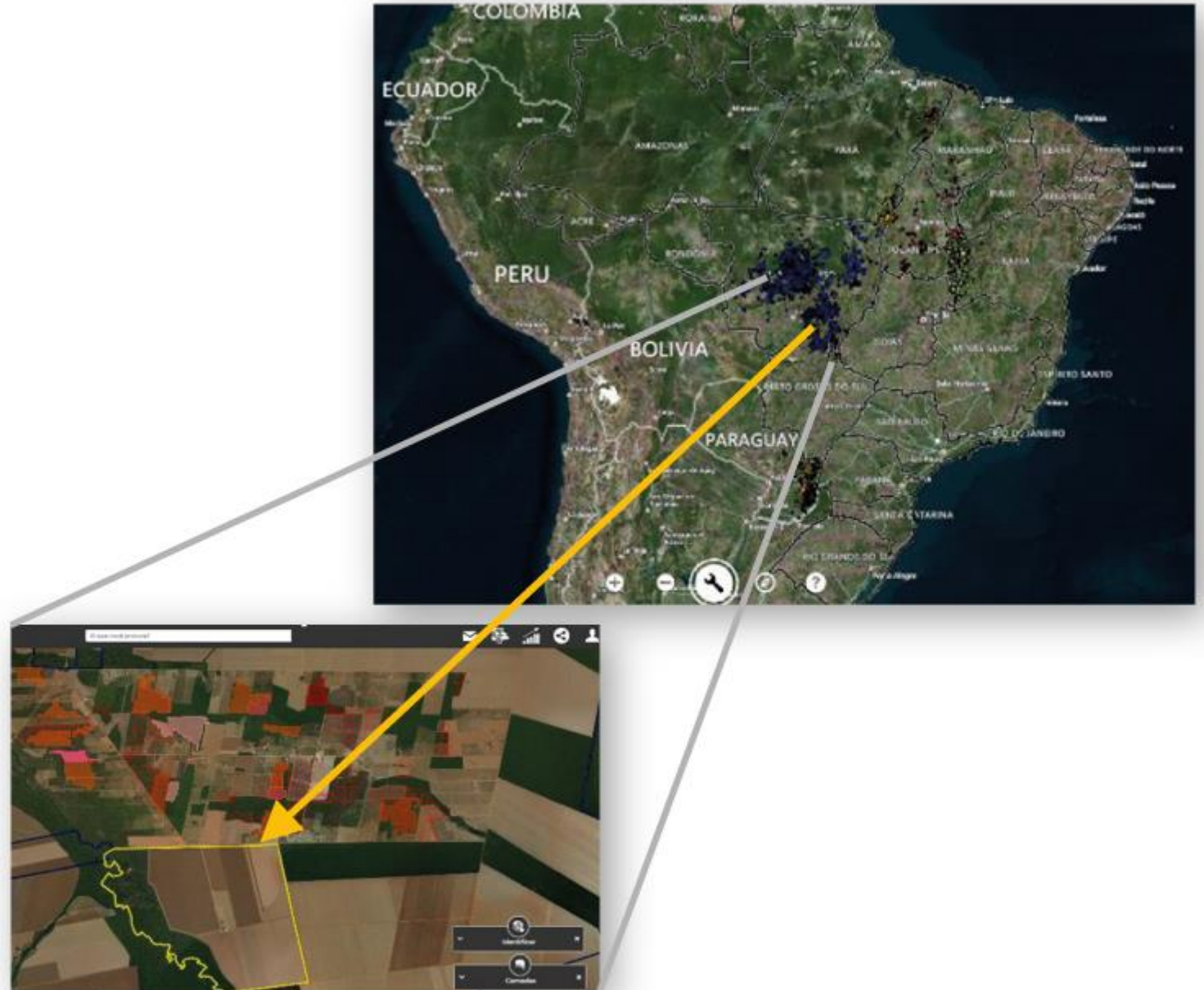
Since 2018, specialized firms with GIS technology (satellite imaging) have been cross-referencing planted areas within the farm polygons of our direct suppliers in high-risk areas to determine if the soy being sourced is compliant with our Policy. Farms are also verified to make sure there are no environmental issues (embargoed areas), encroachment into protected areas or Indigenous Territories, or labor issues which violate our No Exploitation Policy.

In our grievance log, we have investigated and responded to reports that were sent to ADM inquiring if soy from newly cleared areas in Brazil were in our supply chain. We are proud to say that none of those cases reported had links to the soy within our supply chain.

<https://www.adm.com/sustainability/sustainability-progress-tracker/issues-and-resolutions>

Farms Blocked Due to Sourcing Criteria

Environmental Embargoes (IBAMA/SEMA-MT)	30
Soy Moratorium	21
Para Green Grains Protocol	12





Reporting

- Communication on Progress
- Disclose information to stakeholders

Reporting

Previous reports are available on the ADM soy Sustainability Progress Tracker webpage.

Grievance updates are available on the ADM Grievances & Resolutions webpage.

This is our public Progress Report #14.
We welcome feedback and comments at responsibility@adm.com

2021 Sustainability Report
<https://www.adm.com/sustainability/sustainability-progress-tracker/soy>

